CLOSING NEW YORK STOCKS PAGE 18

WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1916.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

No. 29,490.

GERMANS GIVE UP FT. VAUX AT VERDUN UNDER HEAVY FIRE Aviator Victor Carlstrom De-

Crown Prince Evacuates Important Position After Blowing Up Sections.

FRENCH SCORE GAINS IN SOMME REGIONS

Capture Strong Trenches Near Lesboeufs and to Southeast

of Saillisel.

LONDON, November 2 .- Fort Vaux, one of the most important fortifications captured by the German crown prince in his evacuated by the Germans. The evacuation is announced by Berlin today. nortly before Fort Douaumont had

been retaken and a wide stretch of the front in this region regained by the French in their sudden offensive movement on October 25, it was pointed out that Fort Vaux likewise had been put in a perilous position. The French advanced close to the edge of the fortification on its immediate front in their great drive and, pushed well beyond it on each side, making its fall, in the opinion of observers at the front, only a

Blow Up Part of Fort.

Germans evacuated Fort Vaux during the night says their official report, without hindrance by the French and after portions of the fort had been The French continued to pour a heavy fire from their big guns on the

Virtually all the ground of pronounced easterly bank of the Meuse in their vinter and spring offensive at Verdun has now, with the fall of Fort Vaux, been lost to them.

ps operating in the Les Rancourt sectors on the these advances is in part confirmed erlin official statement today

Northeast of Les Boeufs the French

the persistent bad weather, the French followed up during the night the advantages gained between Lesboeufs and Sailly-Saillisel. They consoldiated the ground won, carried several points of support and cleared out several machine gun emplacements, according to

During these operations the French took 186 prisoners, including eight of ficers. This brings up to 526 the num-ber of prisoners taken yesterday in this

Germans Have More Guns.

BERLIN, November 2.- The stiffen ing of the German defensive on the Somme, which is credited here with stopping the allied push on Bapaume and Peronne, and limiting the advance of the French and British to insignificant gains, is due to the restoration of the equilibrium in the matter of artillery between the two armies.

Now that this has been achieved, it may be stated that Germany in August was confronted with difficulties in the supply of munitions and the replacement of worn-out or damaged guns, which, it is declared, was largely re-sponsible for the successes then scored concluding phases of the 1914 cam paign—the German experts found that their calculations were outrun by facts and were faced by a consumption of guns and shells far beyond what

formation of a department of Times. The formation of a department of munitions, announced yesterday, is an outward sign of their determination not again to be caught napping, but to increase the production of munitions to the utmost possibilities.

Discusses Somme Situation.

The Somme battle has been resumed with intensity during the last few days, but the Anglo-French forces obtained nothing but the smallest local advantages near Les Boeufs. Meanwhile the Germans could record a great success in the taking of La Maisonette and con necting trenches at Blaches. The vic torious German infantry regiment, No. 259, took prisoner 412 men and 15 offi-

"After sanguinary losses and suffering during the last attacks near Lesse Boeufs, the French on October 28 tried their lot by a big thrust against Chaulnes, which is the extreme southin point of the Somme front. They itended to crush this position, which is maped like a wedge, in the same style as the attacks on the road near Piers, east of Gueudecout, east of Less Boeufs, northeast — Morval and near learning the Boeufs, northeast — Morval and near Refore this, in September, 1913, Roselfore th

CHICAGO-NEW YORK GERMAN VERSION

scends at Erie. Pa., Because of Engine Trouble.

SETS A NON-STOP RECORD



ERIE, Pa., November 2.-Aviator Victor Carlstrom began a flight from Chicago to New York today. He landed in this city at 11:26 a.m. because of engine trouble, but established a new American non-stop flight record. Eric is just half the distance Carlstrom set out to cover.

The aviator was flying about seven value taken by the Germans on the miles south of Erie when a pipe befor this city so that he could obtain the necessary mechanical assistance He landed easily in a large open field at 30th and Peach streets, and, jump-ing from Paris the total of unwounded German prisoners taken on the Verdun front since October 24 has reached 6,911, of whom 138 were officers. The material taken on the 24th alone includes 15 cannon, 144 machine guns, 2 wireless outfits and a great quantity of rifes, grenades, shells and other materials.

French Gain on Somme.

French treess operating in the Less Boeufs and Rancourt sectors on the

Obtains More Gasoline. Having completed repairs to the engins. Carlstrom decided to replenish his supply of gasoline, and came down

into the city for that purpose. He said he expected to leave Erie early east of Morval and on the edge of the this afternoon, and that he would fol-St. Pierpe, Vaast wood, but declares low the lake to Buffalo. From there, that the main effort of the French to he said, he probably would follow the nove forward was sanguinarily re- track of the New York Central railroad into New York. Carlstrom left Chicago at 6:09 this

TOLEDO, Ohio, November 2.—Victor aristrom flying from Chicago to New fork passed Maumee village, eight niles south of Toledo at 8:22 a.m. miles south of Toledo at 8:22 a.m.
SOUTH BEND, Ind., November 2.—
Victor Carlstrom in his biplane passed
south of Mishawaka at 7:92 this morning, flying at a speed of from eighty
to ninety miles per hour. He lost his
course between Laporte and South Bend
and when he passed this vicinity he
was six miles south of the New York
Central railroad tracks, which he in-

Fog Obscures Cleveland's View.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, November 2 .-Aviator Victor Carlstrom flew over Cleveland on his attempted non-stop flight from Chicago to New York at 10:25 a m., eastern time, today, but no one saw him here, although one man says he heard his motor. A dense fog over the lake obscured the view at this point. He was reported having passed Geneva. forty miles east of here, at 10:52 a m., eastern time, today, but no dead. The name of Bule, given in earlier advices as Brue, is added to the list of dead. The name of Middletown, first reported lost, is now in the list of American survivors. These changes make the total number of Americans on board fifty-two, of whom six were lost. 10:52, and that was the first report received of his having been actually American is Missing sighted after he went by Vermillion, forty miles west of this place, at 9:55. Geneva is 400 miles from Chicago, and his record to that point was three hours and forty-three minutes.

Carlstrom's flight is being conducted under the auspices of the New York Times.

First Chicago-New York Trial. o New York was made in 1916, when Chunk, Pa., according to a list of the Eugene B. Ely and a number of others ompeted for the \$25,000 prize offered The military critic of the Overseas by the New York Times and the Chi-News Agency, discussing the recent en- cago Evening Post, and for the \$5,000 | Canad tente offensive on the Somme front, prize offered by Clifford B. Harmon. The fliers experienced a great deal of

Previous Distance Records.

The world's record for non-stop flight was made June 20-21 of this year, when Sub-Lieut. Antoine Marchal the French air service flew more than in France, and after flying across Ber-lin, on which he dropped procismations, went on to Chelm, in Austrian Poland, where he came down and was taken

prisoner.

Before this, in September, 1913, Roland Garris established the world's record for a combined flight over land and water, when he flew from Frejus, near Cannes, in France, to Bizerta, near (Continued on Seventh Page.)

AIR TRIP IS HALTED OF MARINA SINKING AWAITED BY U.S.

Survivors' Affidavits to Be **Used in Determining Whether** Pledges Were Broken.

NOTICE SENT TO GREECE OF GREAT IMPORTANCE

Sinking of Allied Supply Ships Without Warning Would Be Re-

garded Contrary to Promises.

State Department officials still were waiting today for Germany's version of he destruction of the British steamer Marina, with loss of American lives They also were expecting affidavits and other data gathered from American survivors on which to determine whether Germany's pledges to the

United States had been broken. A news dispatch from Athens las night, saying the Greek government had been notified Germany intended to sink without warning all ships carry ing supplies to the allies was regard ed here as of great importance. So far as is known the United States has received no such notification, and it is not known whether one has been sent to other neutrals.

Contrary to Pledges.

Such a procedure would be regarded by the United States as directly con trary to Germany's pledges.

Secretary Lansing said today that the United States understands Germany's pledges not to sink merchantmen with out warning and without providing for the safety of passengers and crew ap-plies to ships with defensive armament. No distinction was drawn in the cor respondence between armed and un armed ships, and the State Departmen does not accept any contention tha Germany's responsibility is limited t those without armament.

Question Deemed Vital.

Nevertheless, it is admitted that Gernany has always taken a distinct view of the status of armed ships, and it is thought probable that she will attempt to inject the point into the present sittwo governments are so utterly divergent, it is thought possible that Germany might use the Marina case to settle the issue. Her increased submarine warfars, combined with the increasing number of armed allied ships and their increasing efficiency in defense, makes it a vital question to her.

Secretary Lansing, while refusing to give out any further details of the official report of the sinking from the American embassy in London, said his information was substantially the same as that of the newspapers. two governments are so utterly diverg

Notification to United States.

Germany and Austria, on February 10. the United States to the following ef-

Northeast of Les Boeufs the French claim to have taken two more enemy trenches, capturing 125 prisoners.

Another French attack southeast of Saillisel made them masters of a system of strongly organized trenches in the western outskirts of St. Pierre Vaast wood. Fifty prisoners remained in French hands after this action, according to Paris.

The British, says Berlin, failed in an attack north of Courcelette on the Somme front London last night reported gains in the Les Boeufs sector in operations in conjunction with the French, but announced today that heavy rain was falling, and that there were no noteworthy happenlings during the persistent bad weather, the French followed up during the night the advantages gained between Lesboeufs and Sailly-Saillisel. They consoldiated the ground won, carried several points of event and according from the claim of the continuous proposed to the following the fine tine the fight of the same from the flying field of the flying field of

Six Americans Lost on Torpedoed Marina: Doubt Is Cleared Up

LONDON, November 2.-A telegram o the American embassy today from Wesley Frost, American consul at Queenstown, states that the discrepancles in former reports regarding the number of Americans on board the British steamship Marina and the names of those lost have now been cleared up.

In addition to the five Americans reported yesterday as having been lost the name of Bule, given in earlier ad-

as Result of Sinking

of Steamship Cabotia

MONTREAL, November 2.- The American who is among the missing members ship Cabotia, sunk in European waters The first attempt to fly from Chicago October 23, was G. Garriety of Mauch crew made public here today. Advices received here indicate that

Canadians, and that eight persons have been saved, including one American, Joseph Marquis of Lowell, Mass.

Lloyd's Shipping Agency, October 23, reported that the Cabotia, of 4,309 tons

DEBTS OF SEVEN NATIONS. SEVENTY-FIVE BILLIONS

NEW YORK, November 2.- Debts of the seven largest nations in the war are in excess of \$75,000,000,000, compared with \$27,000,000,000 at the war's beginning, according to statistics compiled by a New York bank and made public last night.

The daily cost of the war is estimated to be \$105,000,000, as compared with \$90,000,000 a day in April last. If the war ends next year the annual interest



Merchandise and Securities Brought Believed to Be Worth \$10,000,000.

TO GIVE DINNER FOR CREW

NEW LONDON, Conn., November 2 .-Activities of a varied nature centered about the German undersea merchantman Deutschland and her captain, Paul brought from Bremen, customs officials British ships. and naval officers prepared for the in-

been observed, an inspection by both their services. naval and customs officials was decided Treasury McAdoo, who was at Hart-ford, regarding the questions involved in the Deutschland's reappearance. New London's citizens made plans for public welcome to the Deutschland's President Alton

the forenoon little work was done upon

Shortly before noon Mayor E. E. Rogers, President M. T. Miner of the chamber of commerce and about fifty members constituting a committee waited upon Capt. Koenig. There was

Probably Brought Many Securities. The announcement of the Deutschand's manifest was awaited with some curiosity. Capt. Koenig, estimating the cargo to total \$10,000,000 in value, said it consisted largely of drugs and dyestuffs, but said there were possibly securities and jewels among the con-

securities and jewels among the consignments. As the Deutschland on her trip to Baltimore carried only \$1,500,000 worth of freight, which bulked as large as her present shipments, it was considered probable that most of the ten-million-dollar valuation was represented by securities or stones.

Henry G. Hilken of Baltimore, president of the Eastern Forwarding Company, which is the agent for the submarine freight service here, said today ne was without exact information on this subject.

With Dr. George Ahrens, an attache of the German embassy, Mr. Hilken went aboard the Deutschland this

(Continued on Fifteenth Page.)

MAILS OF U. S. DELAYED TO FAVOR BRITISH SHIPS

Reasons for Placing Matter in Hands of American Officials Are Revealed.

Post office officials explained today that he decision to have American mails for Panama and South and Central America, by way of Panama, handled by American postal officials instead of the British result of an investigation which disclosed

Zone postal service all unclaimed firstclass mail matter originating in the Canal Zone has been forwarded to the division of dead letters here for dis-position. This has caused considerable T. Miner of the local chamber of commerce, with Mayor E. E. Rogers and a delegation of business men, tendered Capt. Koenig an invitation to a dinner at a date to be set by him. It was said that he had accepted, although stating it was with reluctance.

Bags of Mail Brought Ashore,
Bags of mail brought aeross the seas by the German undersea merchantman Deutschland, which arrived yesterday, were brought ashore today. During the forenoon little work was done upon

VILLISTAS SHOOT GUARDS: LOOT PASSENGER TRAIN

CHIHUAHUA CITY, Mexico, Novema conference on the pier and the captain accepted an invitation to a dinner to be given by the chamber, the time to be fixed later.

CHIHUAHUA CITY, Mexico, November 1, via El Paso Junction, November 2.—After shooting the twenty-nine to be fixed later.

The party was then divided into groups of five and each went on the submarine and looked it over. Later those favored with this chance of inspection stated that what they saw was mostly machinery.

Capt. T. A. Scott of the Scott Wreck-Capt. T. A. Scott of the Scott was along. Capt. T. A. Scott of the Scott Wrecking Company, sent a diver down along-side of the Deutschland and he reported that there were fourteen small holes in the anchor bulkhead. These were probably made when the anchor dented the shall of the craft. The holes had caused some leakage on the trip over. the Villistas.

The bandits, who were in command of Murga brothers and Silvestre Quevedo, then abandoned the train, carrying the loot away in mule-drawn wagons.

> Robbers Get Away With \$6,000. BRAIDWOOD, Ill., November 2 .our robbers blew the safe in the pri vate bank of W. H. Odell & Co. here last night and escaped in an automobile with \$6,000. The men cut all wires leading into the little village, and had made good their escape before aid could be summoned.

for the School Children's Playground Fund.

RUMANIANS HOLD **GERMANS IN CHECK**

Von Falkenhayn Keeps Up Steady Pressure on Transylvania Front.

EYES KEPT ON DOBRUDJA

At Dragos'avele (northeast of Campu lung) the Rumanians made progress o the left wing and captured thirty-six prisoners. East of the river violent fighting is proceeding. At the Jiul the pursuit of the Germans continues, ac-

British Take Three Villages. In addition to the capture by the

the Macedonian front of the village of Barakli-Azuma, two other villages Prosenik and Kumli, were occupied by them.
Sofia admits that after lively artillery fire the British advanced on nearly the whole front, but says they were stopped by the fire of Bulgarian infansional statements. try, machine guns and artillery. No mention is made of just how far the British advance carried them. The Serbians report slight successes on the Cerna, but Sofia declared Serbian advances in the Cerna bend and north of the Nidze height were repulsed. On the Struma front there were active engagements in advanced positions.

DREXELS IN COURT AGAIN.

Mrs. Anthony J. Would Enjoin Husband From Seeking Her Money.

papers in an action in the French courts to obtain money which the Brit-ish courts recently decided belonged to the wife. The case was mentioned yeserday in chancery court, when Mrs. Drexel's counsel said that Mr. Drexel, after the court gave him four days in which to sign documents in order that his wife might obtain the money awarded her by the court, had left for France, where he remains.

A separation agreement between the Drexels was executed in 1913, and last year Mrs. Drexel sued her husband to recover money under the separation deed. In June last a London court awarded Mrs. Drexel a yearly allowance of £10,000.

OLD "WHIRLWIND FINISH" ON DECK

Storm Center in New York Climax of Campaign Will Be City During Closing Days

of Campaign.

NEW YORK, November 2.-Our old wind finish," must be summoned forth only day of campaigning in New York once more, because we all know him rants a welcome to him. It is a whirl-cheered by a large group of railroad wind finish with New York city as the enter of the lowest barometric presure. Let's call it a typhoon.

President Wilson, Candidate Hugher and Col. Roosevelt are to speak here between new and Saturday night.

Madison Square Garden, Cooper of forensic frenzy will be occupied by cal conference. throngs while these respective distinguished public characters expound Mrs. Wilson, Miss Margaret Wilson, his their views with the object of "putting daughter; Miss Helen Woodrow Bones, one over" on the-no, let's not use the word proletariat, but voters.

Appeals to the Voters.

Meanwhile the daily papers carry rhole-page advertisements put out by the two campaign committees, setting Mr. McCormick were on the Mayflower, Mrs. Wilson and the other women in forth the virtues of one party and the shortcomings of the other, crowning a halo upon one candidate and depre cating his opponent. The streets flare immense banners carrying legends de-signed to attract the impressionable, if possibly unthinking, wielder of the

Boss Murphy is to head the big Wilson parade tonight, with his serious face and silk hat, an evidence of good faith of Tammany Hall to the national administration that Mr. Murphy is popularly presumed to regard so highly. Tomorrow night Col. Roosevelt will swarm out to set the town afire for his dearly beloved Mr. Hughes.

If there has been a campaign within the memory of this generation where there was more buncombe, insincerity and misrepresentation than this one, I would like to have some one cite me to it.

to it.

Indications are that public sentiment is coagulating for Hughes in New York, but there are three speeches to be made by the three most prominent figures in the campaign—President Wilson, Candidate Hughes and Col. Roosevelt. To repeat, the public mind appears to be excited and emotional, abandoning normal political considerations and arguments.

May Decide the Election.

What is to be said by one of these three eminent Americans in the next few days may turn New York, and, in

However, there is no shadow of pes-

The District appropriation bill wil In all probability be the first supply measure to be taken up by the House; and hearings may be called shortly

pursuit of the Germans continues, according to Bucharest. The Rumanians have taken six officers and 606 soldiers prisoner and captured a great quantity of material.

Rumanian attacks against the Teutonic troops which had advanced beyond Altschanz and Predeal passes failed with losses to the enemy, Eerlin says today. The Germans claim to have captured eight officers and 200 men. Southeast of Rothenthurn passes engagements which are favorable to us continue.

Information to this effect has reached Washington within a day or two. Chairman Page, who is now campaigning in his own state, has written to friends here indicating that he will be found in his office in the House office building some of the permanent interests of the great country which we love. The interest of the campaign is largely the presented their event of the great country which we love. the District have prepared their esti- ephemeral. It centers too much in mates, and printing office copies of the personal feeling. It centers too much figures are in readiness. The total in party passion. amount of the estimates is said to be "I want to warn you, my fellow citi-British forces on the Struma section of a trifle over \$16,000,000, which is zens, against any sort of division,

who have to prepare and follow the details of these two bills, they are termed band From Seeking Her Money.

LONDON, November 2.—Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel is seeking an injunction in the British courts to prevent her husband from serving her with papers in an action in the French courts to obtain money which the British courts to obtain money which the British courts recently decided belonged to seeking an injunction of the French courts to obtain money which the British courts recently decided belonged to seeking an injunction in the French courts to obtain money which the British courts recently decided belonged to seeking an injunction in the French courts to obtain money which the British courts recently decided belonged to seeking an injunction in the British courts are the british courts are the british courts recently decided belonged to seeking an injunction in the British courts to obtain money which the British courts are the british courts to obtain money which the British courts to obtain money which the British courts to obtain money which the British courts are the british courts to obtain money which the British courts are the british courts to obtain money which the British courts are the british courts to be action to the British courts the British courts the British courts the British courts are the british courts to be action to the British courts are the British c

> Chicago by speeding automobiles during the last six weeks, according to ner's office. The death of two persons yesterday, which brought the total up to this number, aroused city officials and the heads of motor clubs to join in a movement to minimize the peril in the streets.
>
> "So that I feel like saying to every man, when it comes to a political choice, follow the man that you believe is going in that direction. So far as a man concerned, I don't care whether it

NEW YORKERS HEAR PRESIDENT TODAY

ONE CENT:

Madison Square Garden Meeting Tonight.

TO UNLIMBER BIG GUNS ADDRESSES BUSINESS MEN

flags.

NEW YORK, November 2 .- When ORK, November 2.—Our old the President reached the Grand Cenfriend, the phrase, "whirl-tral station this morning to spend his love him, and the occasion war- for the afternoon and evening, he was men, some of them carrying American

He was met at the station by Col. Edward M. House and Vance C. Mc-Cormick, chairman of the democratic national committee. With him they mo-Union Hall and other historic forums and boarded the Mayflower for a politi-

Mr. Wilson was accompanied here by his cousin; John R. Wilson of Baltimore, his brother; Secretary Tumulty and Dr. C. T. Grayson.

Mrs. Wilson on Shopping Tour. While the President, Mr. House and

the party went for a short shopping tour. The President found it would I impossible for him to carry out the program set for him and decided not to attend the 69th Regiment bazaar in the afternoon. Mrs. Wilson, however, arranged to visit it, and a committee of women from the bazaar planned to meet her at a hotel after her husband had addressed the luncheon of the Wilson Business Men's League.

son Business Men's League.

The President, instead of going to the bazaar, it was announced, would, at the invitation of Mr. McCormick, visit democratic national headquarters here. He desired personally to meet the staff working for his re-election and to see the machinery of the headquarters in operation. After visiting headquarters he arranged to return to the Mayflower to work on his night speech.

Officials in the President's party said no announcement was ready in connections.

no announcement was ready in connec-tion with the sinking of the British steamship Marina, with the resultant loss of American lives.

Discusses Business Problems. Discussing the business problems faclivered at a luncheon of the Wilson Business Men's League the first of his four campaign addresses. He was this admittedly close election, turn the greeted by a notable gathering of busination.

President Wilson Informs Large Audience in Buffalo

President Wilson declared in his speech here last night that the United States is not afraid to fight and is not disinclined to fight for the objects for which it was founded. He opposed

invitation of the Ellicott Club.

The principal political demonstration was staged last night during the President's ride from his hotel to the hall. In an automobile he proceeded along streets lighted by flaring red lights. A band played martial music. The sidewalks were lined with people. The hall was packed. As the President entered the hall the people stood, waved American flags and cheered.

a trifle over \$16,000,000, which is roughly \$4,000,000 more than the current act.

It is believed also that an attempt will be made to pass the District out through the House before the holidays, so that it can be handled in the Senate during the month of January.

January Calendar Generally Small.

There is generally a slump in business in the Senate in January, followed by a terrific rush, especially in the short session. Members of both houses who have an eye to expediting business will endeavor to get the District bill to the Senate early, followed by the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. From the standpoint of the legislators who have to prepare and follow the de-

"At any rate, what challenges the spirit of America just now is this: That foreign nations think we are divided, country is going to continue to try to Auto Speeders Kill 31 in Six Weeks.

CHICAGO. November 2.—Thirty-one persons have been run over and killed in the United States which ought to bind it together in order that it may have singleness of heart and unity of purpose. The enterprise of the imme figures made public today by the coro-diate future is a great get-together en

However, there is no shadow of pessimism at republican headquarters over the outcome. Private reports as well as public demonstrations iead the managers to the conclusion that the campaign is going steadily up grade to a prospective summit of republican victory.

One of the peculiar phases of the campaign is the fact that in many states the local candidates on the republican ticket for various offices appear to be more popular than the presidential candidate. It was suggested in these dispatches from the Pecific covert earlier in the campaign. packet agent in the Canal Zone was the that mails were being delayed in order LONDON, November 2 .- There is no that they might be carried on British lar than the presidential candidate. It lar than the presidential candidate. It was suggested in these dispatches from the Pacific coast earlier in the campaign the Pacific coast earlier in the campaign den. The only other speaker will be Martin H. Glynn, former governor of apparent let-up in the pressure which ships and that Great Britain was handling the Rumanian northwestern frontier, but in general the Rumanians are reported to be holding him fairly well in check. No new advances of importance are announced today by the German war of
that the republican party would pull Mr. Hughes though, and not Mr. Hughes through, and not Mr. Hughes through the republican party. Every development has since tended to confirm that opinion.

President Wilson Informs

The side of the property of the pro Man Deutschland and her captain, raul Koenig, today. While the crew busied themselves behind the barriers which hide the submarine from public view in preparing to dispose of the 700 tons of valuable cargo, which the Deutschland valuable cargo, which the Deutschland Reitish ships. fice.

In the meantime, however, military critics are looking shortly for definite news from the province of Dobrudja, on the southeast front, where "" or the nation than the democratic party.

In the loses the election is will be because the voters, after all the fuss and flurry is over, all the specious arguments sifted and winnowed, dec.d that the republicant party is better fitted to run the nation than the democratic party. Pay Less for Service. quiry to determine the status of the BUFFALO, N. Y., November 2.-Under new contracts the United the southeast front, where "no change The Deutschland has been entered as States is paying less for the service, in the situation" has been the usual TO BEGIN HEARINGS SOON a commercial vessel, but, to make cer- and at the same time the companies. report from both sides for several days past. Field Marshal von Mackensen is tain that every neutrality provision has in some cases, are receiving more for believed to be making preparations for In the future every effort will some new stroke in an effort to com-ON D. C. APPROPRIATIONS plete his conquest of this Rumanian province, while from Bucharest comes unofficial announcement that Gen. Sakharoff, one of the ablest of the Russian generals, is expected in the Rumanian capital to take command of the forces in Dobrudja.

House Committee Likely to Sit After the Election, Chairman Page

partisan advantage.

During the ate afternoon ride the President iaid a wreath on the monument of former President McKinley. The Dobrudja.

The Dincipal political demonstration of the Ellicott Club. upon at Washington. Commander made by United States postal authori-Yates tSirling, who is head of the na- ties in the Canal Zone to carry Amerival station here, arranged to go aboard can mails on American ships. They with his ards, in conjunction with have been instructed to give the mails James McGovern, collector of customs to American vessels, even if by so of this district. The latter had confer-red last night with Secretary of the layed a day.

Since the inauguration of the Canal

Save Today's Paper